

S a f e t y D a t a S h e e t
According to Regulation (EC) 1907/2006

201922 **Glycerol tri-Acetate** (E-1518, F.C.C.) ADITIO

1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company or firm

1.1 Identification of the substance or preparation

Name:

Glycerol tri-Acetate

1.2 Use of the substance/preparation:

For laboratory utilisation, analysis, research and fine chemistry.

1.3 Identification of the company or firm:

PANREAC QUIMICA, S.L.U.

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2. Identification of dangers

No hazardous substance as specified in Regulation (CE) 1907/2006.

3. Component Composition/Information

Name: Glycerol tri-Acetate

Formula: $C_9H_{14}O_6$ M.=218,21 CAS [102-76-1]

EC number (EINECS): 203-051-9

4. First aid

4.1 General indications:

Never provide drink or induce vomiting in the event of loss of consciousness.

4.2 Inhaling:

Take the person out into the fresh air. In the event sickness persists, seek medical assistance.

4.3 Contact with the skin:

Wash with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing.

4.4 Eyes:

Wash with plenty of water, keeping eyelids open.

4.5 Swallowing:

Induce vomiting. Seek medical assistance.

5. Fire-fighting means

5.1 Suitable fire-extinguishing means:

Foam. Dry powder. Water. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.2 Fire-fighting means which must NOT be used:

5.3 Special risks:

Combustible. Keep away from sources of ignition. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

5.4 Protective equipment:

6. Measures to be taken in the event of accidental spillage

6.1 Individual precautions:

6.2 Precautions for care of the environment:

Avoid pollution of the soil, water supplies and drains.

6.3 Methods for collection/cleaning:

Collect up with absorbent materials (Panreac General Absorbent, Kieselguhr, etc.) or, if none available, dry sand or earth, and deposit in waste containers for subsequent elimination in accordance with current legislation. Clean any remains with plenty of water.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Handling:

No special indications.

7.2 Storage:

Well sealed containers. Away from sources of ignition and heat.

8. Staff exposure/protection controls

8.1 Technical protective measures:

8.2 Exposure limit control:

8.3 Respiratory protection:

In the event of fumes forming/aerosols, use suitable respiratory protection.

8.4 Hand protection:

Use suitable gloves

8.5 Eye protection:

Use suitable goggles.

8.6 Individual hygiene measures:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and when the job is done.

8.7 Environmental exposure controls:

Fulfill the commitments under local environmental protection legislation.

The supplier of the protection equipment must specify the type of protection to be worn when handling the substance or preparation, including the type of material and the breakthrough time of the material, with regard to the amount and duration of exposure.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Viscous liquid.

Odour:

Characteristic.

pH 5,0-6,0(5%)

Boiling point:256°C

Melting point: 4°C

Flash point: 148°C

Self-ignition temperature: 430°C

Explosion limits (lower/upper): 1,1 / 7,7 Vol. %

Vapour pressure: (20°C)<0,1 mba

Solubility: 6,8 g/l in water at 20°C

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Conditions which should be avoided:

10.2 Matter which should be avoided:

10.3 Hazardous decomposition products:

10.4 Complementary information:

The gases/fumes can form explosive mixtures with the air.

11. Toxicological information

11.1 Acute toxicity:

LD₅₀ oral rat: 3000 mg/kg

LD₅₀ intraperitoneal rat: 2100 mg/kg

LD₅₀ intraperitoneal mouse: 1400 mg/kg

LD₅₀ oral mouse: 1100 mg/kg

11.2 Dangerous effects for health:

Low toxicity. No dangerous characteristics are to be anticipated. Take the usual precautions for handling chemical products.

12. Environmental information

12.1 Mobility:

12.2 Ecotoxicity:

12.1.1 - EC₅₀ test (mg/l):

Fish (Leuciscus Idus) CL₀= 100 mg/l/72h

12.2.2 - Receptor medium:

Risk for the water environment = ----

Risk for the land environment = ----

12.2.3 - Observations:

12.3 Degradability:

12.3.1 - Test: BOD₅ = -----

12.3.2 - Biotic degradation classification:

BOD₅/COD Biodegradability = -----

12.3.3 - Abiotic degradation depending on pH: -----

12.3.4 - Observations:

12.4 Accumulation:

12.4.1 - Test:

12.4.2 - Bioaccumulation:

Risk = -----

12.4.3 - Observations:

12.5 Other possible effects on the environment:

Do not allow it to enter soils or water channels.

13. Considerations regarding elimination

13.1 Substance or preparation:

In the European Union, there are no homogeneous standards established for elimination of chemical waste, which is waste of a special nature, and treatment and elimination of same is subject to the domestic legislation in each country. In view of this, in each case, you should contact the competent authority or those companies legally authorized for elimination of waste.

2001/573/EC: Council Decision of 23 July 2001 amending Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as regards the list of wastes.

Council Directive 91/156/EEC of 18 March 1991 amending Directive 75/442/EEC on waste.

13.2 Contaminated containers:

Contaminated containers and packaging of dangerous substances or preparations must be treated in the same manner as the actual products contained in them.

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

14. Information concerning transport

15. Mandatory information

Labelling as per REACH

16. Other information

Review number and date:0 07.06.09

The information included in this Safety Data Sheet is based on our most up-to-date knowledge, and is solely intended to inform regarding aspects of safety; the properties and characteristics indicated herein are not guaranteed.